

Miscellaneous facts about Ignacy Jan Paderewski and America:

- Paderewski made his U.S. debut in November 1891 at New York's Carnegie Hall.
- Over the next 40 years, he played 20 tours in the United States – over 1,500 concerts.
- His friendship with President Woodrow Wilson was a factor in the inclusion of a free Poland in Wilson's 14 Points plan for establishing peace after World War I.
- He convinced his friend, future American President Herbert Hoover, of the extreme need of Poland's poor after Poland regained independence at the end of World War I. Hoover led a U.S. effort to provide aid, particularly in the southeast region of Poland.
- Poland honored this aid not only by dedicating Hoover Square in Warsaw and building a statue of thanks to the American people there, but also by reciprocating: he turned over the proceeds of a concert series to purchase food for unemployed Americans in the 1920s.
- In addition to his home in Switzerland, Paderewski also had a house and winery in Paso Robles, California – his winery was reported to produce an excellent Zinfandel.
- In May 1939, at the age of 78, Paderewski played his farewell concert in Carnegie Hall. During World War II, he continued to advocate for the liberation of Poland from the Nazis until his death in New York on June 29, 1941.
- President Franklin D. Roosevelt ordered that he be interred under the mast of the U.S.S. Maine in Arlington Cemetery until his remains could be returned to a free Poland.
- In 1963 President Kennedy paid tribute to Paderewski in Arlington, as did President Reagan in 1981. Finally, in 1992, President George H.W. Bush, at the request of Polish President Lech Walesa, ordered that Paderewski be returned in honor to the land of his birth.
- The escort included General Edward Rowny, who had been present at Paderewski's funeral and who had been President Reagan's envoy to the Vatican and to Solidarity.
- Although Paderewski traveled all over the world and had a home in Switzerland, he wrote in his memoirs, "America, the country of my heart, my second home."
- His heart is interred in Doylestown, Pennsylvania, at the National Shrine of Our Lady of Czestochowa and he has left his mark in many ways in the United States, including:
 - Numerous Paderewski Societies,
 - Paderewski Streets in cities from Buffalo to Perth Amboy,
 - The Paderewski exhibit at the Polish Museum of America in Chicago, to which he contributed greatly, and
 - The annual Paderewski festival in Paso Robles.